

Identification

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GHS Product Identifier

Product Form:	Aerosol Marraa Bush Buttan Siznal Harn 9 az
Trade Name: Product Numbers:	Marpac Push Button Signal Horn 8 oz 7-0655
CAS No.:	75-37-6
EC No.:	200-866-1
Formula:	$C_2H_4F_2$
Other means of identification	
Synonyms:	1,1-difluoroethane / 1,1-difluoroethane (refrigerant gas R152a) / HFC-152a
Recommended use of the chemical a	nd restriction on use
Use of Substance/Mixture:	Hand held signaling device; Safety Horn
Distributor's details	
Donovan Marine	
6316 Humphreys St	
New Orleans, LA 70123, USA	
Tel.: 727-471-1900	
Emergency phone number	
CHEMTREC 24 Hour Emergency Respon	nse
USA & Canada	800-424-9300
Hazard(s) identification	

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Categories

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Criteria	Category	Signal Word	Pictograms
Flammable Aerosol	2	Warning	Flame
Gas Under Pressure; Liquefied Gas	Liquefied Gas	Warning	Gas Cylinder

Note 1: The degree of severity is ranked within each hazard class from 1 (Highest Severity) to up to 5 (Lowest Severity). Severity categories do not allow comparisons between classes.

GHS label elements

Warning



Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

HCS2012	Hazard	Signal Word	Pictograms
Criteria	Statements/Precautionary		
	Statement		
Simple	May displace oxygen and cause	Warning	None
Asphyxiant	rapid suffocation.		
Other Criteria	Hazard	Signal Word	Pictograms
	Statements/Precautionary		
	Statement		
Specific flammability	Liquid form is flammable. (Liquid form can be ejected if the aerosol can is not held upright during use).	Warning	None
Frostbite	Skin contact with liquid or aerosol jet may lead to frostbite.	Warning	None
Intentional Overexposure	Intentional misuse and inhalation abuse may cause cardiac or central nervous systems effects.	Warning	None

GHS label elements

Note: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The actual container label will not include the label elements above. The labeling above applies to industrial/professional products.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

	Description	(CAS Number	EINECS Number	%	Note		
	1,1-Difluoroethane, liquefied, under pressure	; 7	75-37-6	200-866-1	100			
4	First-aid measures							
	Description of necessary first-aid mea	isures						
	Exposure Condition	GHS Coa	le Precaution	ary Stateme	nt			
	IF IN EYES	P305 + P	9351 + P338,	P336+P315				
	Immediate Symptoms	frostbite	r, cold burns					
	Response		utiously with f present and			r several minutes. e rinsing.	. Remove contac	t
		If frostbi	ite occurs Th	aw frosted p	arts with	h lukewarm wate	er. Do not use ho	t

water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

IF ON SKIN	P302 + P353, P336 + P315
	1302 11333,1330 11313
Immediate Symptoms	frostbite, cold burns
Response	Rinse with lukewarm water. If frostbite occurs Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.
IF INHALED	P304 + P340, P312
Immediate Symptoms	signs of extreme exposure include dizziness, drowsiness, heart thumping
Response	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If feeling unwell Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.
IF SWALLOWED	P301 + P330, P336 + P315 (Not a likely route of exposure under normal use)
Immediate Symptoms	frostbite (mouth), irritation
Response	Rinse with lukewarm water. If frostbite occurs Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.
Indication of immediate medical atten	ntion and special treatment needed, if necessary
Avoid giving catecholamine drugs (such	as epinephrine) due to possible cardiac disturbances. Treat symptomatically.
Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	
Extinguishing Media	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish. Use water spray to cool containers.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical sector of the s	mical
Specific Hazards	The vapors are heavier than air and may displace oxygen in low-lying areas
	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable.
	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F].
Combustion Products	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable.
Combustion Products Special protective actions for fire-figh	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable. Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO2), hydrofluoric acid (HF), and may produce carbonyl fluorides.
	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable. Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO2), hydrofluoric acid (HF), and may produce carbonyl fluorides.
Special protective actions for fire-figh	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable. Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO2), hydrofluoric acid (HF), and may produce carbonyl fluorides.
Special protective actions for fire-figh Fire-Fighter	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable. Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO2), hydrofluoric acid (HF), and may produce carbonyl fluorides. Aters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.
Special protective actions for fire-figh Fire-Fighter Accidental release measures	creating a suffocation hazard. Aerosol container may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F]. The liquid form is flammable. Produces irritating and toxic fumes in fires or in contact with hot surfaces. Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO2), hydrofluoric acid (HF), and may produce carbonyl fluorides. Aters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.

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		For very large spills, wear self-contained breathing apparatus before approaching the spill. Wear cold-insulating clothing and gloves.
		If it can safely be done, extinguish open flames or remove high temperature sources to avoid producing toxic decomposition products.
	Environmental precautions	
	Environmental Precautions	Not applicable
	Methods and materials for containme	ent and cleaning up
	Containment Methods	No containment required under normal circumstances.
	Cleaning Methods	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in low or enclosed areas. Liquid spills will turn gaseous and disperse in the local atmosphere.
	Disposal Methods	Dispose of spill waste according to Section 13.
,	Handling and storage	
	Precautions for safe handling	
	Prevention	Keep out of reach of children. Avoid direct skin or eye contact with liquid or aerosol jet.
		Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Do not use in confined and poorly ventilated area. In cases of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	Handling	sources. Do not use in confined and poorly ventilated area. In cases of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection.
	Handling Conditions for safe storage, including	sources. Do not use in confined and poorly ventilated area. In cases of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. HOLD CAN UPRIGHT to avoid ejection of liquid stream during use. Do NOT spray when container is more than 45 degrees off vertical or inverted. Wear cold-insulating gloves if exposure to liquid or aerosol jet is likely. Wear protective eye protection.
		sources. Do not use in confined and poorly ventilated area. In cases of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. HOLD CAN UPRIGHT to avoid ejection of liquid stream during use. Do NOT spray when container is more than 45 degrees off vertical or inverted. Wear cold-insulating gloves if exposure to liquid or aerosol jet is likely. Wear protective eye protection.

Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

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Substances with Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Chemical Name	Country	Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)
1,1-difluoroethane	ACGIH	Not established	Not established
	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	Not established	Not established
	Canada	Not established	Not established

Note: The ACGIH1, OSHA (Table Z-1), and Canadian provinces exposure limits were consulted. Limits from the RTECS database2 and from suppliers' SDSs were also consulted. Short term exposure limits (STEL) are for 15 min and long term permissible exposure limits (PEL) for 8 h.

Appropriate engineering controls

Ventilation

Normal ventilation is generally adequate, except in enclosed or low-lying area. Keep airborne concentrations below 0.4% [4 000 ppm] (10% of the lower explosive limit (See Section 9)). Make sure the oxygen content is not enriched.

Individual protection measures

Eye protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles. RECOMMENDATION : Use safety glasses with lateral protection (side shields).
Skin Protection	Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin contact. RECOMMENDATION : Use cold insulating gloves if contact with liquid jet is likely.
Respiratory Protection	For extreme exposures, use full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus or supplied by air.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquefied gas, in aerosol format	Lower Flammability Limit	3.9%
Appearance	Colorless	Upper Flammability Limit	16.9%
Odor	Slight, ether-like	Vapor Pressure @20 °C a)	607 kPa [88.0 lb/in2]
Odor Threshold pH	Not available Not available	Vapor Density Relative Density @21 °C	2.3 (Air =1) 0.91
Freezing/Melting Point	-117 °C [-179 °F]	Solubility in Water	0.27 g/100 mL
Initial Boiling Point	-25 °C [-13 °F]	Partition Coefficient n- octanol/water-b)	0.75
Flash Point	-50 °C [-58 °F]	Auto-ignition Temperature	454 °C [849 °F]
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Flammability	Inflammable	Viscosity @40 °C	Not applicable

Note: Literature values are used.

a) gauge pressure

b) Octanol-water LogP value

10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Not available.

Chemical stability

Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Ignition sources, temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F], and incompatible substances.

Incompatible materials	
Alkali or alkali earth metals, powdered i	metals, powdered metal salts
Hazardous decomposition products	
Polymerization	Will not occur
Decomposition	Will not decompose under normal conditions. For thermal decomposition,

11 Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of e	xposure
Eyes	See skin summary.
Skin	Contact with the liquid may cause frostbite due to heat lost caused by rapid evaporation. Aerosol jet can reach sub-zero temperatures; exposure to jet can lead to frostbites.
Inhalation	Extreme exposure due to misuse and inhalation abuse may cause central nervous system depression and irregular heartbeat.
Ingestion	See inhalation and skin summaries.
Chronic	Not applicable

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

Chemical Name	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	LC50 inhalation
1,1-difluoroethane	Not available	Not available	>437 500 ppm 4 h Rat

Note: Toxicity data from the RTECS2 and ECHA databases were consulted. The data from supplier SDSs were also consulted.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Sensitization (allergic reactions)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Carcinogenicity (risk of cancer)	Not classified or listed as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, CA Pro	p 65, or NTP
Mutagenicity (risk of heritable genetic effects)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Reproductive Toxicity (risk to sex functions)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Teratogenicity (risk of fetus malformation)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
STOT-single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. doses, can affect the central nervous system and cardiovascul by inhalation. CNS anesthetic effects are based on rat studies of 25 pph. Cardiac effects are based on exposure of ≥150 000 on dogs. Misuse and inhalation abuse can lead to dizziness, co drowsiness, unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat, heart thum apprehension, and weakness.	ar systems with TCLo ppm in study onfusion,
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	
Date of Prenaration: July 25, 2022	Revision: 2022 07	Dage 6 o

Toxicity	
	Ecological classifications are based on the IMDG/GHS criteria in conjunction with ecotoxicological data from our suppliers, the European Chemical Agency database (http://echa.europa.eu), and other reliable sources. The 1,1-difluoroethane substance is not classifiable as an environmental toxicant (with minimal LC50 96 h of 296 mg/L for unspecified fish; 147 mg/L 24 h Daphnia magna (water flea); 48 mg/L calculated for algae).
Acute Ecotoxicity	Available toxicity data does not meet classification thresholds
Chronic Ecotoxicity	Not data available
Biodegradability Other adverse effects	Not data available
Volatile Organic Compound	VOC exempt compound by EPA and CEPA regulations

13 Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

14 Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT UN-No. (DOT)	UN1030
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	1,1-Difluoroethane
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	2.1
Packaging Exceptions	Max Pro has been granted a DOT special permit. A copy of DOT Special Permit SP-11516 can be obtained by calling Max Pro. at (800) 655-1675.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

In accordance with TDG UN-No.(TDG)	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	AEROSOLS, flammable
Class (TDG)	2.1
Hazard labels (TDG)	

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Class (IMDG)

UN1030 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 152a) 2.1

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) Proper Shipping Name (IATA) Class (IATA) Hazard labels UN1030 1,1-Difluoroethane 2.1



15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Canada

Domestic Substance List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substance Lists (NDSL)

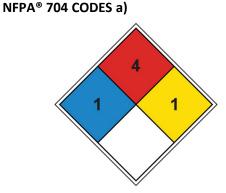
All hazardous ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

Hazardous Products Act (R.S.C., 1985, c. H-3)

The safety data sheet and label comply with the Hazardous Product Act and WHMIS 2015.

USA Other Classifications HMIS[®] RATING





Approximate HMIS and NFPA Risk Ratings Legend:

- 0 (Low or none); 1 (Slight); 2 (Moderate); 3 (Serious); 4 (Severe)
- a) Liquid classification; for aerosols, NFPA 30B flammability rating is 1.

CAA (Clean Air Act, USA)

This product does not contain any class 1 ozone depleting substances. This product does not contain any class 2 ozone depleting substances. This product does not contain substances that are listed as hazardous air pollutants.

EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Right to Know Act, USA, 40 CFR 372.45)

This product does not contain substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 Title III of the SARA of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, USA) All substances are TSCA listed.

State Regulations California Proposition 65

	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexane which is known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm in males. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov	
Europe		
RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive)		
	This product does not contain any lead, cadmium, mercury,	
	hexavalent chromium, PBB's, PBDE's, DEHP, BBP, DBP, or DIBP	
	and complies with European RoHS regulations.	
WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)		
	This product is not a piece of electrical or electronics equipment and is therefore not governed by this regulation.	

16 Other information

Other information

Disclaimer: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon tests believed to be reliable. However, the manufacturer/distributor of this product does not guarantee their accuracy or completeness NOR SHALL ANY OF THIS INFORMATION CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THESAFETY OFTHEGOODS, THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS, OR THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Adjustment to conform to actual conditions of usage may be required. The manufacturer/distributor assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied.